

## Integrating technology for compliance

IRTENZ 19<sup>th</sup> International Conference 2025

Les Bruzsa, Chief Engineer – National Heavy Vehicle Regulator

#### PRESENTATION AGENDA



- Current Inspection / Compliance Requirements in all states
- Challenges with PBS Combinations
- Regulatory telematics
- Future considerations

# **Current Inspection Requirements**

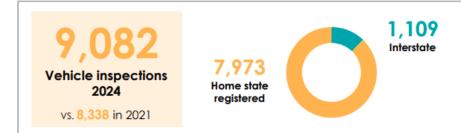
## **Primary State-based HV Inspection Requirements**



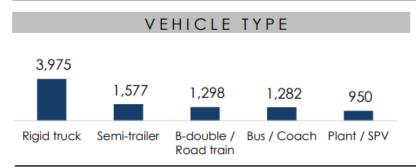


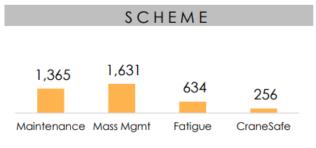
#### OVERVIEW — ALL UNITS (POWERED AND TRAILERS)

- · 33% of units inspected nationally had at least one non-conformity.
- The majority of vehicles were inspected in their state of registration.





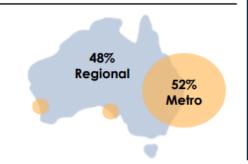


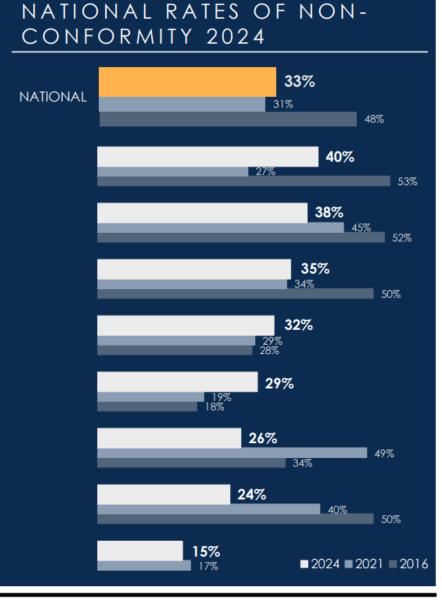




10.2 years

Average age of the fleet







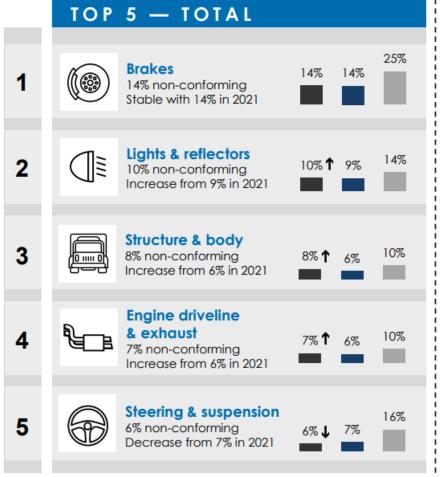
#### AREAS OF NON-CONFORMITY — ALL UNITS (POWERED AND TRAILERS)

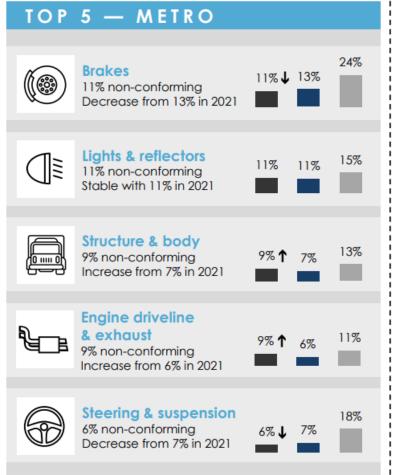
- The most common non-conformity across metro and regional Australia continues to be brakes, followed by lights and reflectors.
- Of the top 5 only steering & suspension has improved significantly since 2021 with fewer non-conformities across both metro and regional locations. All componentry non-conformance remains significantly below 2016 levels.

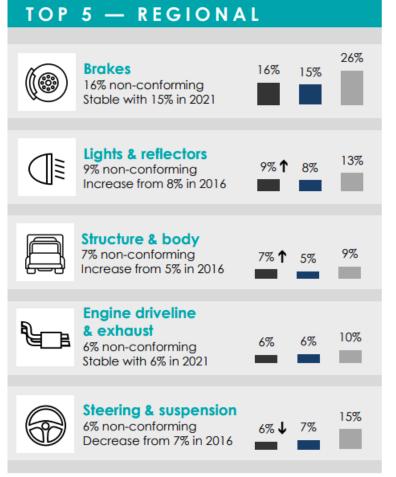
National - 2024
National - 2021

National 2017

	Mational - 2016









#### **Compliance Operations**

#### Operation Falcon (PBS) April – May 2025 (NSW)

- PBS compliance rate 89% (n-367)
  - Non-compliance Oil leaks, marker plates, Windscreens etc.

# Operation Sapphire (Construction and waste) May –June 2025 (National)

- Compliance rate 68% (n-4,532)
- Defect notice faults -3,074
  - Lights and reflectors 21.5%
  - Structure and body- 19.2%
  - Brakes 16.8%



#### **Brakes**

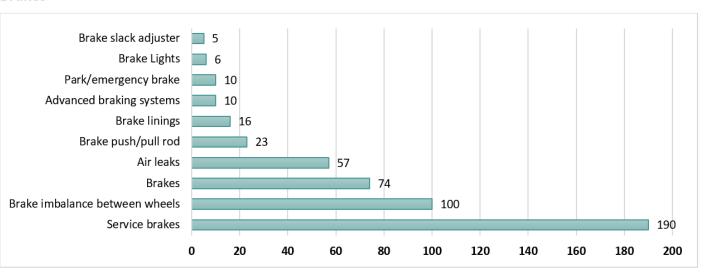
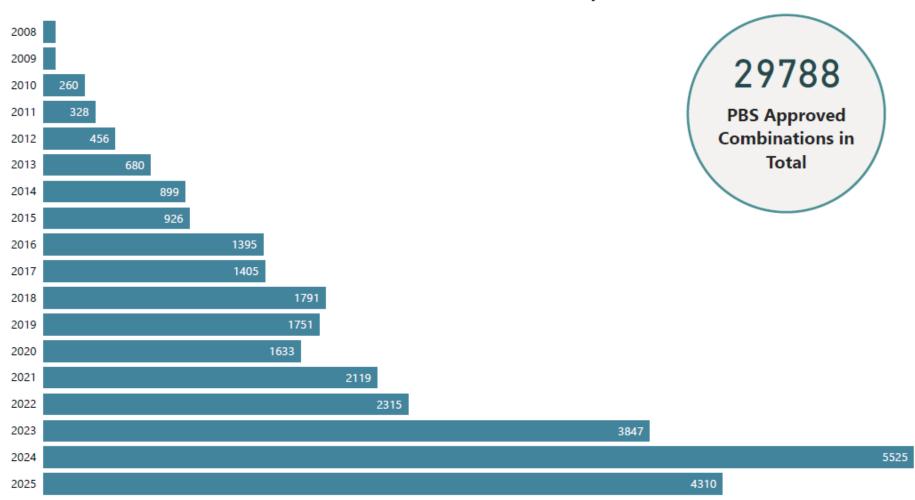


Chart 7: Brake Defects

# Challenges with PBS combinations

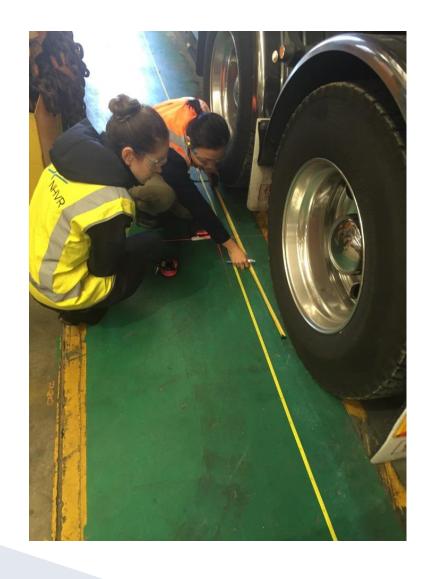
#### **PBS Statistics**

#### **PBS Combinations Yearly**





#### Specific operating conditions might apply for PBS combinations

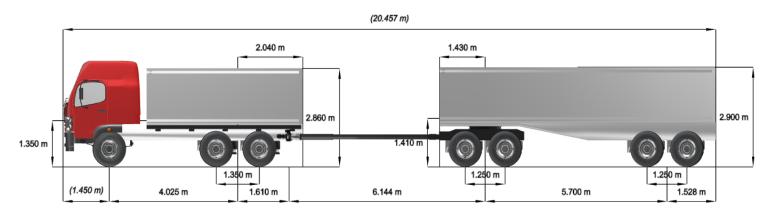


- PBS operating conditions are introduced for several reasons:
  - Achieving compliance with PBS standards
  - Infrastructure protection
  - Operational and traffic safety
- National operating conditions are set by NHVR
  - Mass limits
  - Dimensions
  - Design specific requirements
- These conditions are detailed in the PBS Design Approval (DA) and Vehicle Approval (VA)
- Specific access conditions could also be introduced by the road managers
- These conditions are part of the PBS Access permits



## **Compliance with the PBS specific mass limitations**

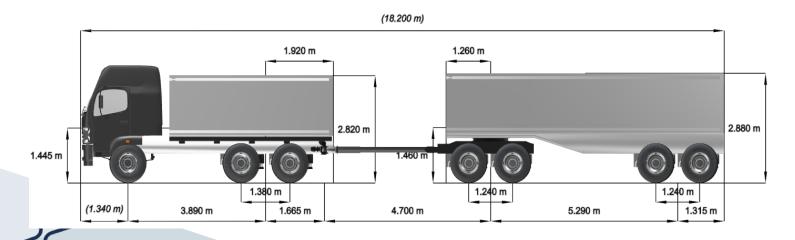
#### >20m truck and dog with full mass



Mass Limits	Level 2
GML (t)	56.0
CML (t)	57.5
HML (t)	57.5
Bridge Assessment	Tier 1

Axle Group	Level 2		
Masses	GML	CML	HML
Steer (t)	6.5	6.5	6.5
Drive (t)	16.5	17.0	17.0
Trailer Front (t)	16.5	17.0	17.0
Trailer Rear (t)	16.5	17.0	17.0

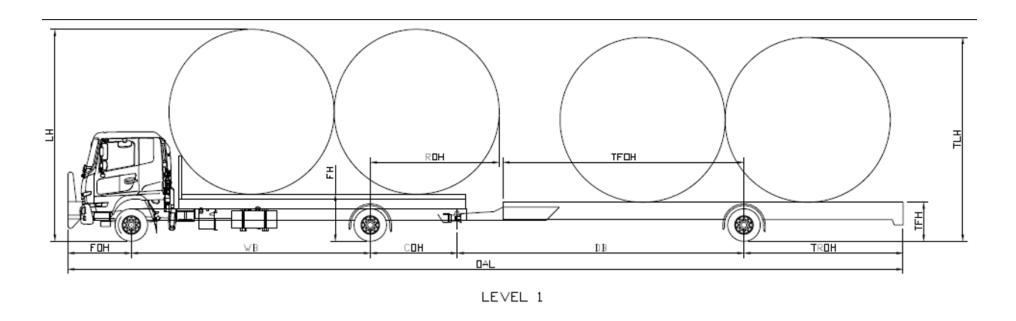
#### <19m truck and dog with mass reductions



Mass Limits	Level 2	
GML (t)	54.2	
CML (t)	55.2	
HML (t)	55.7	
Bridge Assessment	Tier 1	

Axle Group Masses	Level 2			
	GML	CML	HML	
Steer (t)	6.5	6.5	6.5	
Drive (t)	16.5	17.0	17.0	
Trailer Front (t)	16.5	17.0	17.0	
Trailer Rear (t)	16.5	17.0	17.0	
The mass across axle groups is limited to -				
Axle Groups	GML	CML	HML	
2 to 4	47.70	48.70	49.20	
3 to 4	31.20	32.20	32.20	

#### PBS vehicle assessed together with its load



PBS vehicles are assessed together with its load

Load 'is part of vehicle' for PBS assessment purposes

The vehicle is assessed as it is operated on the road



## **Special PBS operating conditions – loading**



- 4-axle truck and 5-axle dog
- livestock transport
- 4.6m
- Compliance with PBS SRT conditions (loading limits on different decks)



## **Compliance with loading requirements**



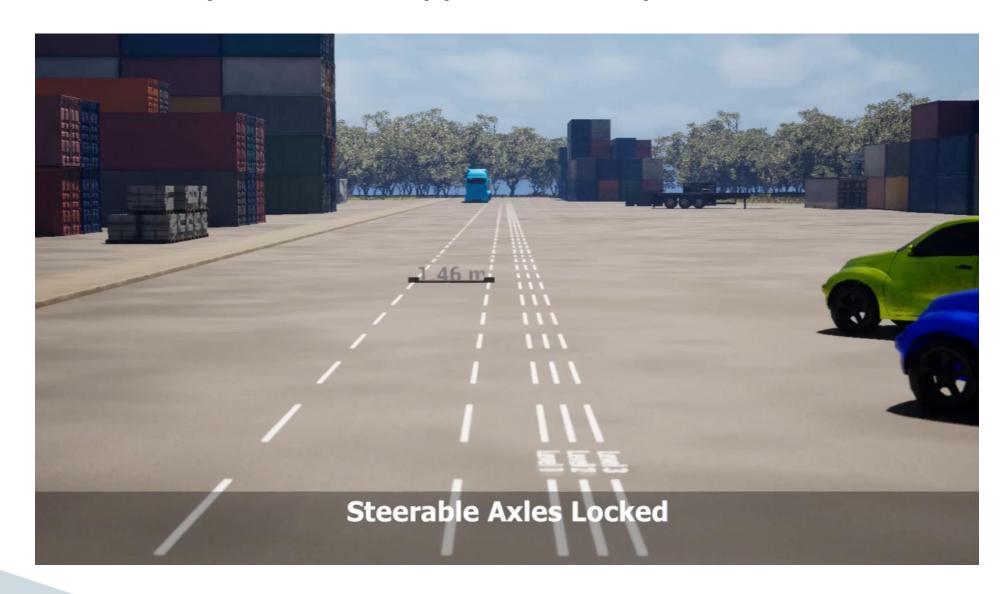


## **Compliance with PBS specifications – steerable axles**

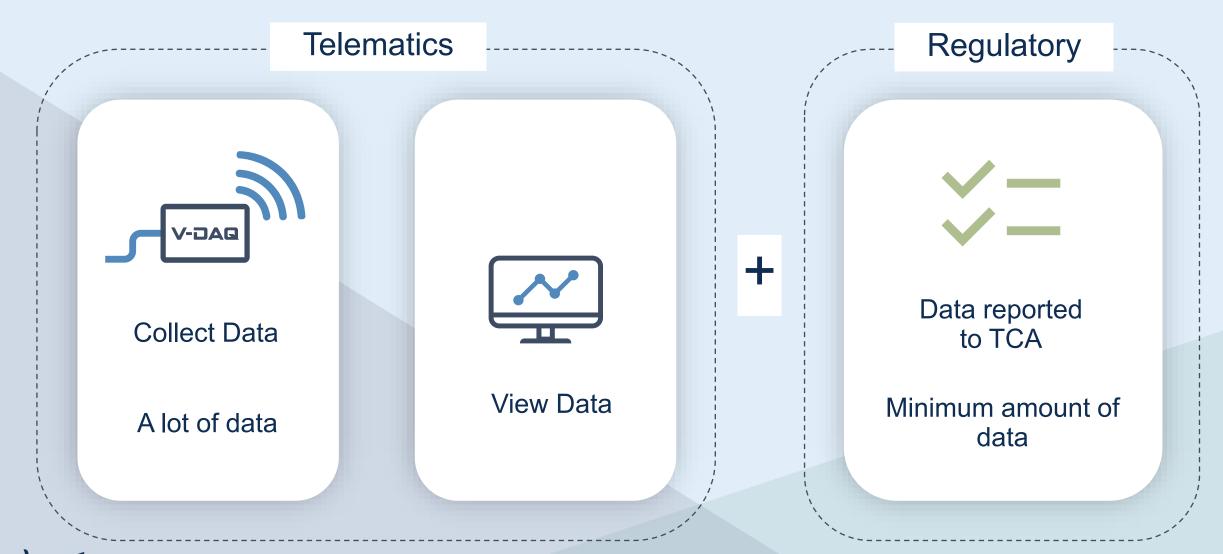




## **Compliance with approved PBS specifications**









#### IAP

Intelligent Access Program

Enforcement and compliance, identifiable data

#### **TMA**

**Telematics Monitoring Application** 

Road analytics and compliance, identifiable data

#### RIM

Road Infrastructure Management

Road analytics, anonymous data



## **Regulatory On-Board mass**

IAP + Interim OBM

Intelligent Access Program

Enforcement and compliance, identifiable data

TMA + Smart OBM

**Telematics Monitoring Application** 

Road analytics and compliance, identifiable data



Generally Reported

**Location & Time** 

Identified/De-Identified

Sometimes Reported

**User Declared Combination** 

**User Declared Gross Mass** 

Automated Axle & Gross Mass

Reported Weekly/Monthly



## TMA and On-Board mass in practice

Axle load and Gross Combination Mass data is:





## **Current requirements**

Source: VDAQ

- All Class 2 Higher Mass Limits (HML)
- All Class 2 Performance Bases Standards (PBS) combinations
- All Class 1 Special Purpose Vehicles
- Some Class 1 OSOMs
- Vehicles wanting extra access (Farm or Local LGA)
- >68.5t down Mt Ousley, Wollongong
- Class 2 Higher Mass Limits (HML) Road Trains
- Class 2 Performance Bases Standards (PBS) combinations
  - >68.5t GCM
  - >26m
  - With quad/split-axle groups
- Class 1 Special Purpose Vehicles
- Class 3 LZEHV







**NSW** 



## **Current requirements**

- Class 2 Higher Mass Limits (HML)
- Class 2 Performance Bases Standards (PBS) combinations



- Class 3 20m long 3-axle Truck & 4-axle Dog
- Class 1 Special Purpose Vehicles
- Class 1 OSOM (possible in future)



- PBS > 26m
- All Special Purpose Vehicles



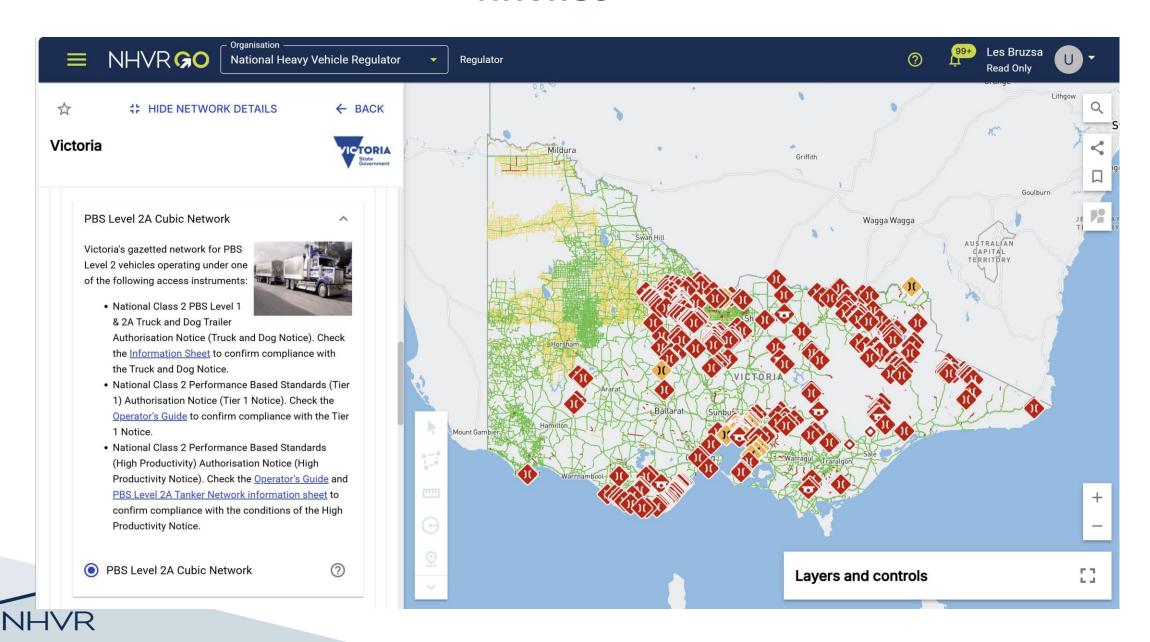
- LZEHVs
- PBS (being introduced)



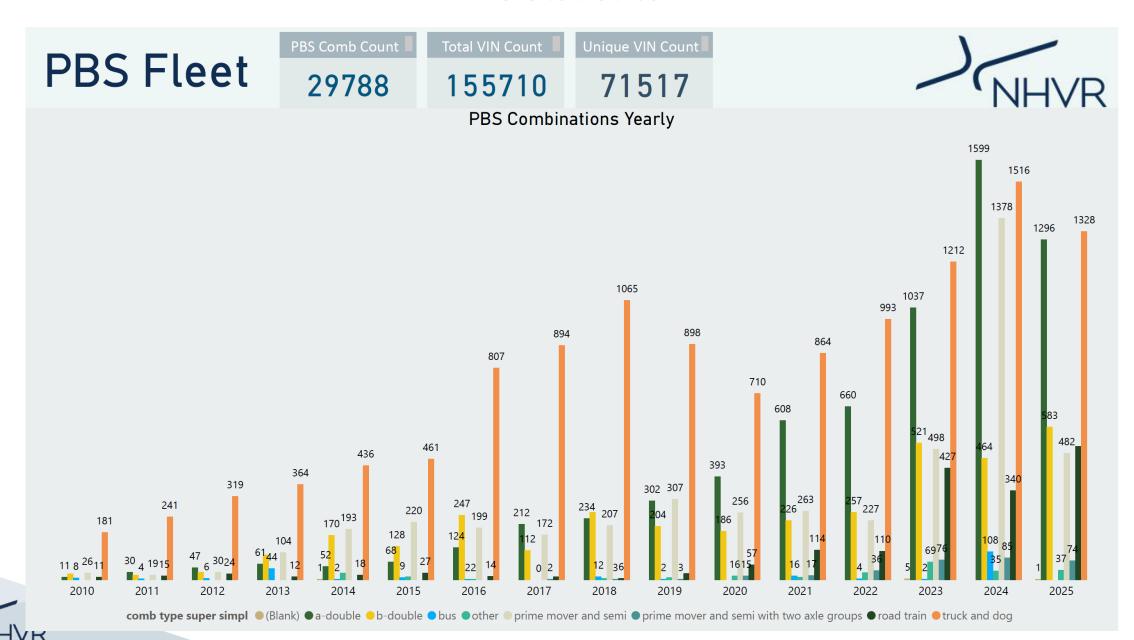




#### **NHVRGo**



#### **PBS Statistics**

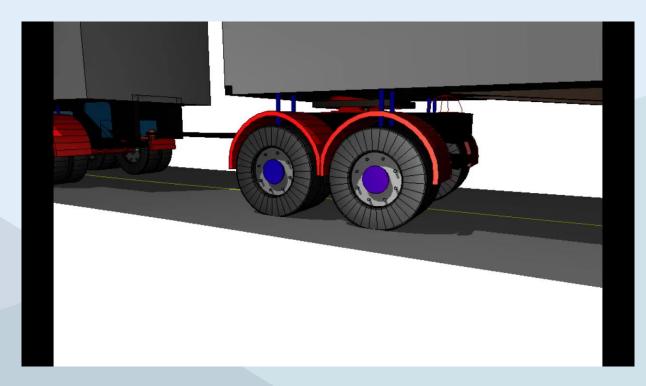


## **Future considerations**

#### **Current projects**

- Digitalisation of the PBS
- Moving towards single design and vehicle approvals
- Incorporating heavy vehicle technology into PBS
- How to achieve compliance with the technology requirements?
- Linking technology to telematics





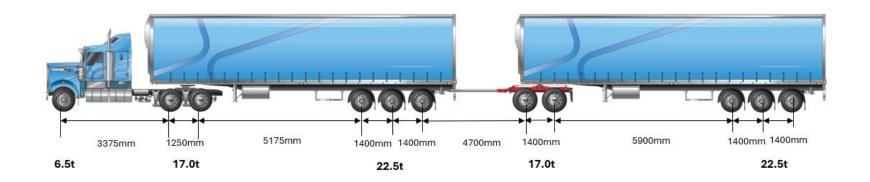


## RSC on/off – Field Testing video





#### **Typical 30m long PBS A-double**

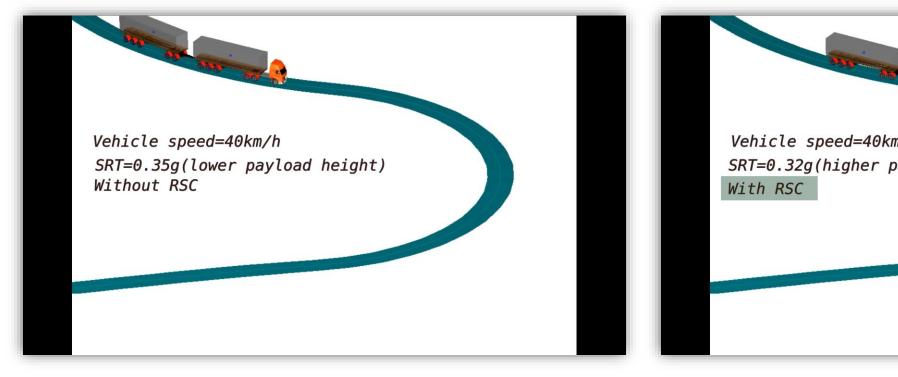


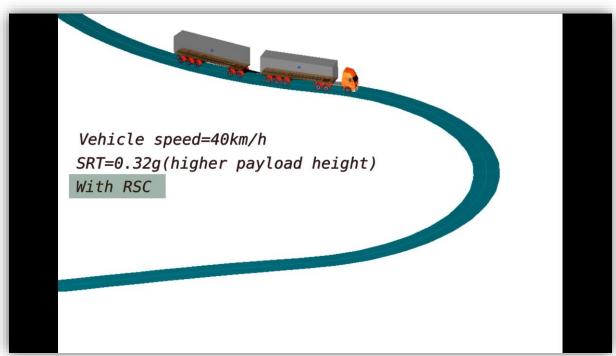
- Scenario-1: SRT=0.35 (PBS compliant) and without RSC
- Scenario-2: SRT=0.32 (PBS non-compliant) and with RSC



## **Development of an RSC model**

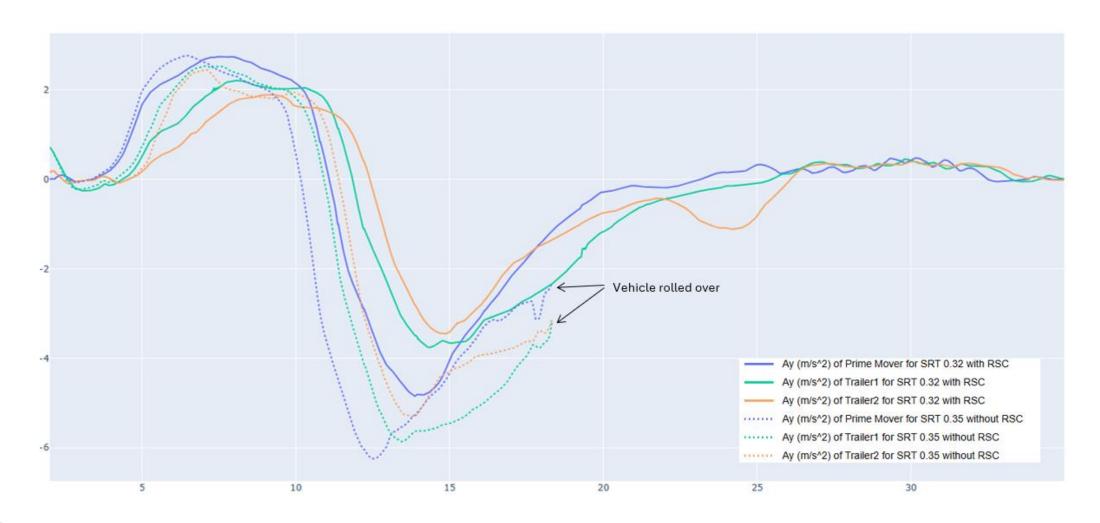
Scenario-1 Scenario-2





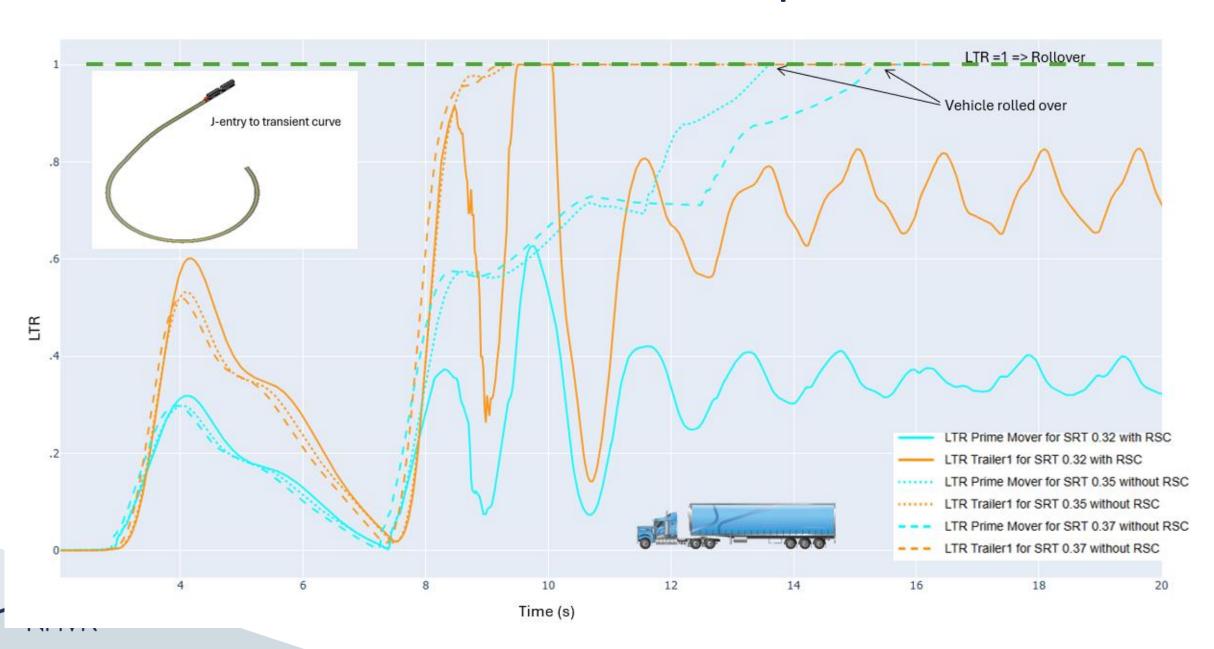


## Lateral acceleration (g)





## Test maneuvers are developed



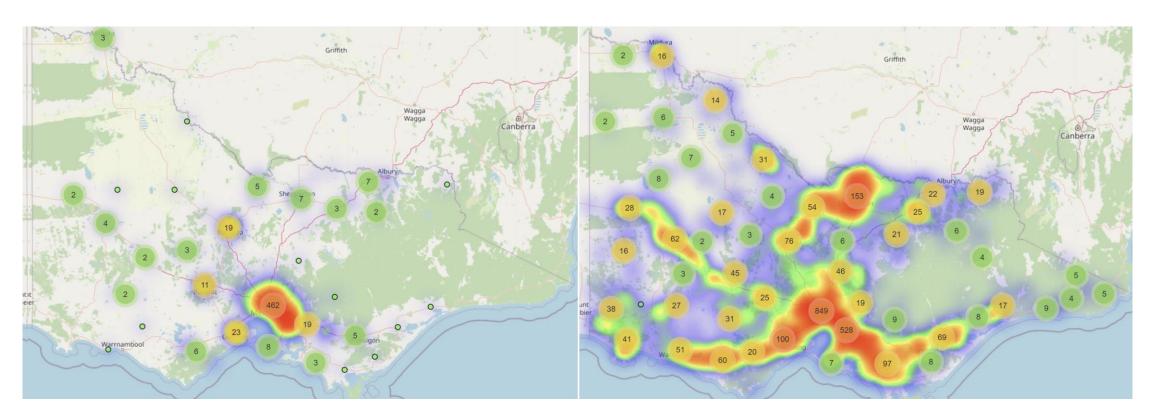
## J-entry to transient curve

```
Vehicle speed=48km/hr
SRT=0.35g (lower payload height)
Without RSC
```



## Using data more efficiently

Heavy vehicle rollover events recorded in Victoria from 2012-2025



50km/h speed zone

100km/h speed zone



