Electrification-information of Scania heavy duty (E) trucks

into the NZ market place.







Our approach to sustainable transport



Energy efficiency



Renewable fuels and electrification



Smart and safe transport







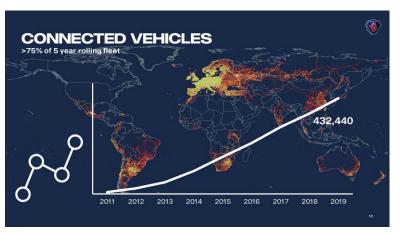
















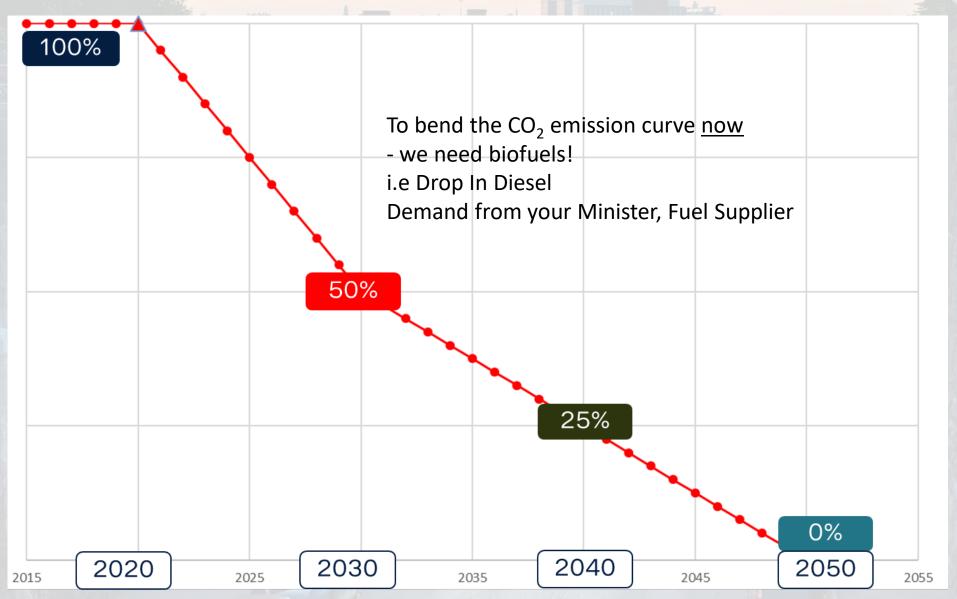
The numbers presented are the current maximum CO2 (up to X%) reduction potential per km driven.



Current Diesel Assets a concern in the future?

use and Demand Renewable diesel up to 100% blend in Scania







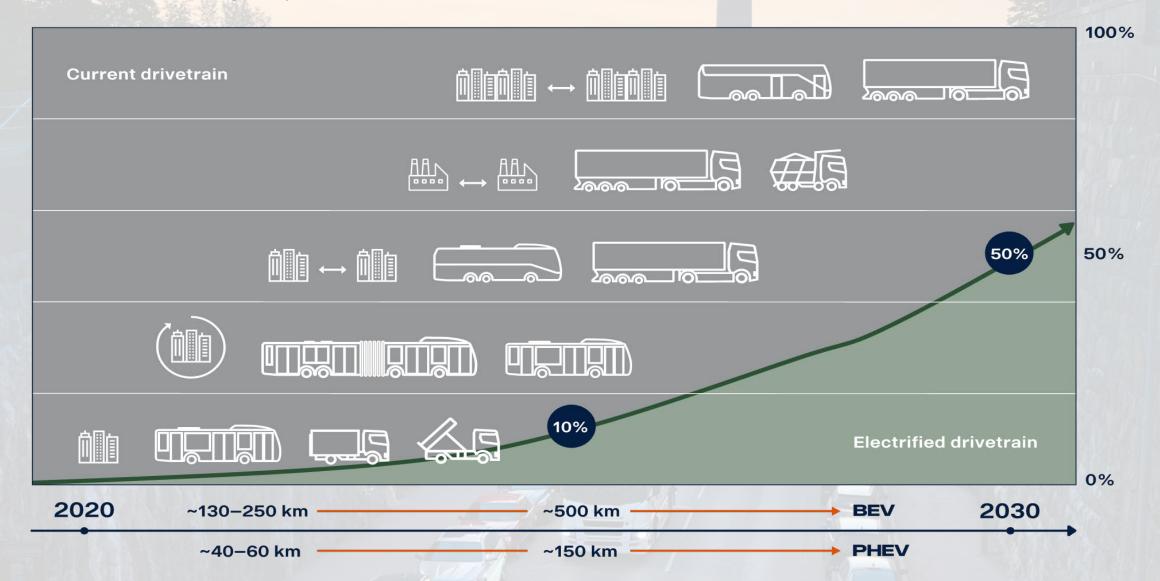


Why electrification?

- Meeting our New Zealand customers' calls for fossil free transports
- Climate Change
- Taking an active part in the collective global effort to reach the climate goals set forth in the Paris Agreement
- Creating long term business sustainability
- Meeting future regulations for emissions and noise
- EECA Grants
- The Grid is already here.
- Electricity is most efficient energy form for transport.

PROJECTION electrification globally to +/- 60 ton's GCW







BATTERY ELECTRIC VEHICLES VS FUEL CELL ELECTRIC VEHICLES

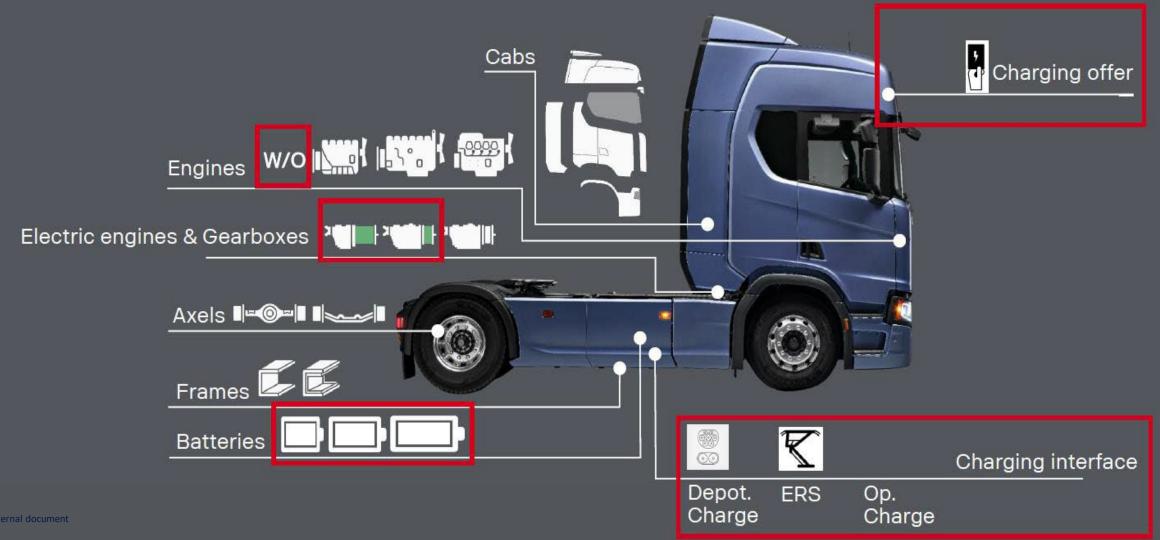
A comparison of system efficiency





Scania module system for e-mobility







BATTERY ELECTRIC TRUCK - Gen 1 Urban

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

WHEEL CONFIGURATION 4x2, 6x2, 6x2*4

AXLE DISTANCE 3950 – 5750 mm

CAB OPTIONS P, L

PROPULSION Permanent magnet electric machine

with oil spray cooling.
~295 kW 2,200 Nm (peak)
~230 kW 1,300 Nm (continuous)
60 kW electric Power Take-off

BATTERY CAPACITY 9 Lithium Ion batteries, available for all

axle distances over 4350 mm:

300 kWh (Installed) -> Up to 250km range

5 Lithium Ion batteries, available for all

axle distances over 3950 mm:

165 kWh (Installed) -> Up to 130km range

CHARGING CCS type 2 plug-in connection

up to 130 kW/ 200A DC charging.

5 Batteries – 55 min charging time (at 130 kW). 9 Batteries – 100 min charging time (at 130 kW).

GTW Max 29 t



NZ's First Electric Scania's 2022



2 units - Delivered up and Running





Let's do this!

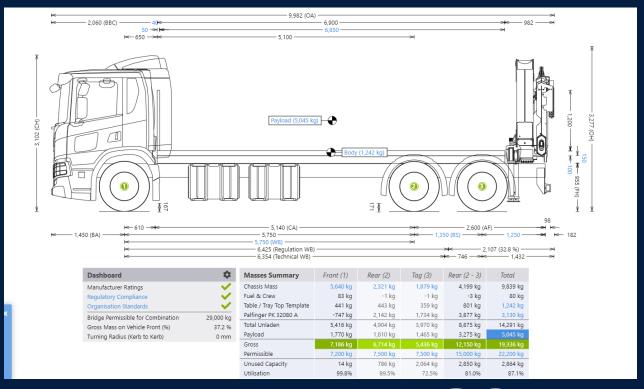


Difference EU vs NZ - Govt Incentives

Urban BEV Crane Truck "example" Norway

EU= 2 ton dispensation on any group or any Axle = no loss of payload



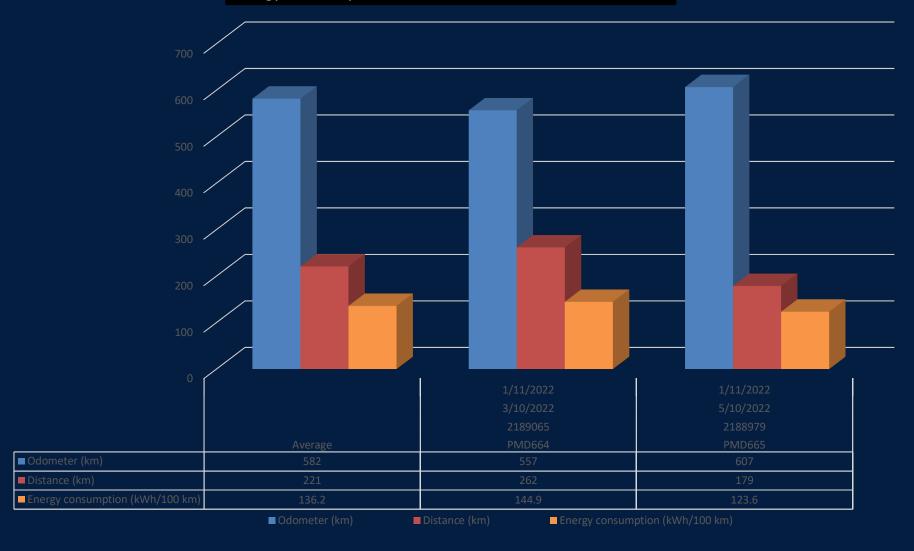




NZ's First Electric Scania's 2022 Energy consumption Trend



Energy Consumption Trend kwh 100km @ GVW 22.2 Ton's





NZ's First Electric Scania's 2022 Key Aspects



- It's a Journey not a destination!
- Specify the Electric drive line as efficient as possible
- Reduce friction where possible
- Lower Rolling Resistance i.e. chip seal causes concern for wasting grid Energy icw with to many axles or dual drive or wide tire application
- Tires must be energy efficient as possible, local supply a concern.
- Use lift axles on return on Truck and Trailer, steer axles to reduce friction.
- Use E Trailer Axles if you can to gain efficiency
- Driver Training Critical like in Ice "Diesel Trucks" for fuel efficiency safety increases
 as the driver is less fatigued and much more aware of his surroundings
- Future VDAM should reflect and revieved this to conserve energy not just pavement.
- Charging is whole subject on it's own "left out of this presentation"

