## **CVIU Perspective on HPMV's**

## Presentation to IRTENZ Conference 2015

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## What is HPMV?

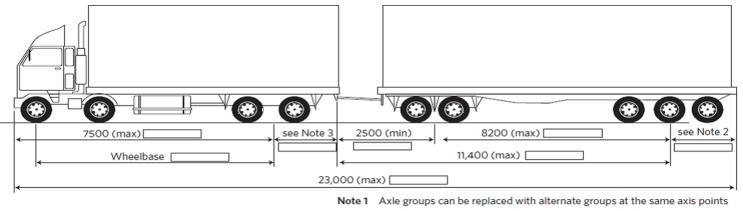


#### > An HPMV:

- carries a divisible load, and
- Exceeds a mass of 44,000kg. and/or the maximum length dimensions allowed for standard vehicles.
- operates under a route specific HPMV permit issued by a road controlling authority (RCA) on roads and bridges that have been determined to be able to accommodate the additional mass and/or length, and displays an 'H' sign on the front and rear.



## **Types of Permits**



Note 2 Max. is lesser of 4300 or 50% of wheelbase

Note 3 Minimum of 2000mm or maximum of 45% of wheelbase

## The two main types of HPMV permit are over-length and higher mass



## Vehicle Condition Permit Requirements

- Mass vehicles must have an 'H' sign at front and rear of the vehicle combination.
- May not to operate on any road with a prescribed length restriction if the vehicle exceeds that restriction
- Must have roll stability control (RSC) all trailers must have RSC fitted and active.



## Impact of HPMV

- Increased payloads means more efficient freight movements – potentially affords economic benefits to producers, customers and our communities.
- However these vehicle are subject to route restrictions by the permit issuing road controlling authorities.
- Gross mass may have an impact on infrastructure such as bridges and culverts.
- For 50max vehicles, there is the book of maps on the NZTA website



## **Annual Compliance Survey**

	2012	2013	2014	2015
Combinations stopped	2152	2163	2171	2238
HPMVs	12	41	38	123
HPMVs with no offences	2	19	18	76
COF offences	6	7	4	15
RUC offences	6	7	8	16
Limits offences	3	10	8	10
Other offences	6	11	11	35







### **Enforcement Checks**

#### Each stop is subject to checks that may include-

- Drivers licence
- Logbook
- HPMV permit
- Vehicle/s labels
- Certificate of fitness
- Driver sobriety
- Load security
- Vehicle/s condition
- Dangerous Goods











## **HPMV Permit Enforcement**

- To reduce unnecessary delays at the roadside the driver needs to;
- Know what route he/she is permitted to be on
- Know where the permit is
- Produce the correct permit
- Load the vehicle correctly
- Ensure the permit relates to the combination they are operating



## **HPMV permit condition RSC**

#### **Roll Stability Control (RSC)**

This applies to trailers that have ABS/EBS brakes fitted to them.

➢ Roadside stops have detected HPMV's moving where drivers have not connected or deliberately disabled EBS/ABS brake cables.

Trailers are pink stickered or remain parked up until a cable is fitted and EBS working.





# HMPV common defects detected

Lighting

Turntable fasteners loose

- Windscreen damaged
- **EBS/ABS not operative**
- Brakes/slack adjuster angle insufficient
- Tyres- tread insufficient
- Fluid leaks

Load anchorage damaged/not securely fastened



## **Changes to VDAM**

- The Rule amendment changes the overweight vehicle and high-productivity motor vehicle permit systems.
- It splits permit conditions into critical and additional categories;
- provides weighing tolerances for vehicles being operated under permits; and
- Clarifies other conditions under which vehicles being operated under permits may operate.



## **Changes to VDAM Contd.**

- The amendment Rule sets out circumstances where the permit would be made invalid (such as operating off a route described in the permit). The permit form has also been revised.
- The previous practice of 'voiding' a permit for ANY breach of a condition is discontinued, however, the power to void or revoke a permit remains.





## **Changes to offence penalties**

- The regulations now differentiate between vehicles that are operated under a permit and those that aren't. The new regulations now provide:
- Spraduated offences, with appropriate penalties, for breaches by permit holders; and
- increased fine levels for overweight vehicles being operated without a permit.



## Weighing tolerances

- Enforcement weighing tolerances for vehicles operating without a permit are essentially unchanged. The tolerances for standard vehicles (44 tonnes) remain the same.
- The changes for all permitted vehicle have changed to:
- 500 kg for steering axles, individual axles and gross mass
- > 1000 kg for other sets and groups of axles.



## **HPMV offences detected**

From February 2015 until July 2015, 143 HPMV permit weight offences were detected by CVIU.

- > 71 for failing to comply with permit,
- > 22 for exceeded gross mass
- > 13 for failing to comply with permit conditions



## **HPMV offences detected Cont.**

Since the changes to VDAM on 8<sup>th</sup>July 2015 more than 12 Breaches of Critical Condition have been detected.

These carry an instant penalty of \$2000.



# HMV crashes within the last 12 months

 There were 109 fatal and serious truck crashes reported in the CVIU crash database for the last 12 months.
10 of them involved HPMVs.



## **Ensuring Compliance**

In order for the driver to proceed through a check it is important that the permit is;

- Produced on demand
- Displays the correct vehicle registration numbers
- For the correct location
- > The weight limits are not exceeded
- The permit general conditions are met
- Bridge requirements are not breached
- Route restrictions are not breached





## **Thank You**

#### **Questions?**



