Chronology of the NZ Operator Rating System

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Motivation for the ORS/first steps

- Rising tide of new vehicle safety requirements/costs
- Operator response to enforcement attention
- Adverse publicity concerning industry safety performance
- Limited capability of Regulators to deal with poor performers and recidivists recognised
- Intuitive leaders saw promise of ORS before 1996
 Truck Crash Inquiry



North American Experience with Ratings/Audits

United States

1980: ICC Audits for interstate Motor Carriers

1984: Congress Mandate under the Motor Carrier

Safety Act

1990: Safety ratings of most carriers completed

using a unified approach

1999: Motor Carrier Safety Improvement Act

Canada

1987-89: National Safety Code: Standard #14 (16)

Operational Standards in Set)

1996: Introduction of aggressive penalties –

including impoundment (Ontario)

1999: Assignment of Ratings/Facility

audits/Automated CVOR System (Ontario)

The Formative Years in NZ

- Deregulation completed qualitative licensing introduced
- Transport Services Licensing Act introduced in 1989
- Provided opportunity to integrate operator/driver/vehicle offence history
- Database to manage operator history didn't eventuate
- Transport Service Licence Register proved inadequate
- Opportunity was lost



Other influences supporting performance rating initiatives

- Health & Safety in Employment Act (1992)
- ISO 9002/quality standards imposed by market forces
- 1996 Parlimentary Inquiry into Truck Crashes
 - Govt support for Responsible Operator Programme
- NRTC Alternative Compliance Scheme Proposals (1994) considered
- Conceptual ideas self management/self regulation explored in mid 90s
- LTSA accorded industry ORS proposals "high priority" in 1998
 - Transport licensing Review initiated 1998/1999



Alberta Partners in Compliance Programme (PIC)

- 1997 programme instituted in Alberta Canada
- Relied heavily on industry participation
- Offered a benefit-based option
- Retained a Joint Operator/Regulator
 Management and exiting regime
- Set the framework for the RTFNZ preferred model
- Re-released in February 2006 attracting new operators



Forum Preferred ORS Options – the Six Attributes (1999)

- i. A partnership approach to enforcement and administrative policy development
- ii. Be able to identify good industry performers
- iii. Encompass a benefits-based approach in recognition of good compliance
- iv. Provide risk assessment and profiling for enforcement strategies
- v. Include industry participation in the exit/sanction process
- vi. Provide opportunity for rehabilitation before exit process occurs



Early Trials/Tentative Steps/Getting Serious

1999 LTSC/RTF/FOA industry only effort stalled

Outcomes:

- LTSC developed log truck crash database
- RTF/TERNZ Safety recommendations included ORS presented to Govt

2000 LTSA/RTF/LTSC joint trial commenced – evaluation of operators records

Outcome:

- Frustration with interview/audit process
- 2002/03 Commitment by Government to fund Business Case
- 2003 Business Case leads to Scoping Project
- 2004 Critical nature of IT project identified Projected cost \$8m
- 2005/06 Legislative ammendments Rule Development/Project Development



ORS IT Overview

Multi Level Functionality:

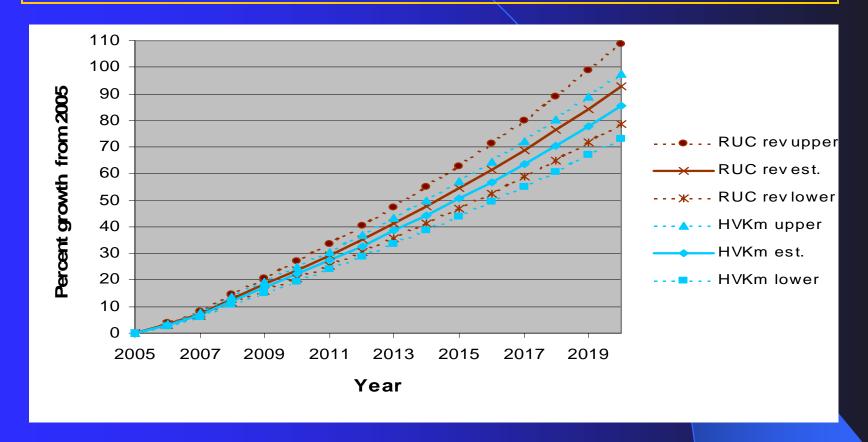
- Automatically transfer data between LTNZ and Police
- Link data to individual operators
- Link vehicle data to operators
- Normalise and score the data within crash, defect, conviction/infringement categories
- Weight data between each category and calculate the operator rating

System Compatiblity:

- The ability to produce ad hoc reports
- Transfer new information into the IT system
- Link to LTNZ's website for operator and public access to rating
- Allow corrections to data to be implemented
- Archive ratings to provide both 6-monthly and continuous history ratings



Transport Growth makes Rating System imperative



RUC/HVKm Sensitivity Graph 2005/2020

 Even a relatively low 2.5% growth rate would increase heavy vehicle traffic by 72%

Source: TERNZ

Conclusions

- NZ can benefit from Australian, Canadian and US experience
- Operators have retained interest in safety rating systems
- Safety rating systems stand out as a reliable tool for focussing enforcement action
- ORS ratings will assist operators reputation markers
- Reputation marking is the flip side of risk rating
- Good operators will be able to seek new market opportunities



Thank You



