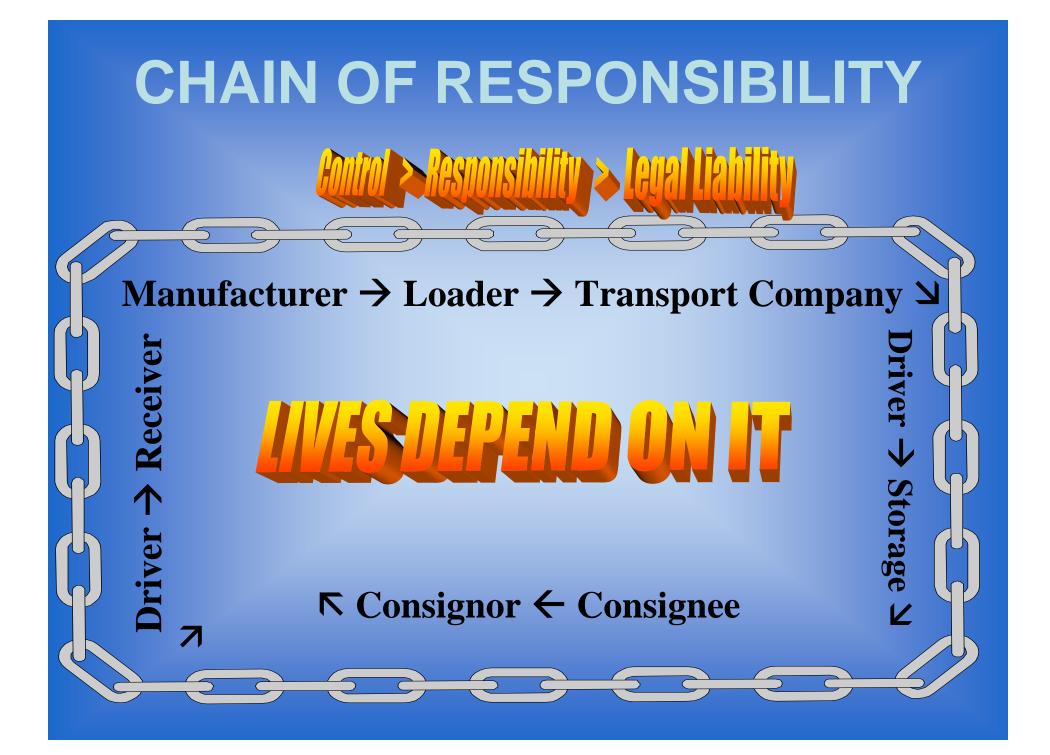
#### Chain of responsibility -A Victorian enforcement perspective

#### Institute of Road Transport Engineers of New Zealand

Superintendent Peter Keogh Victoria Police Force

15th - 17th August 2006



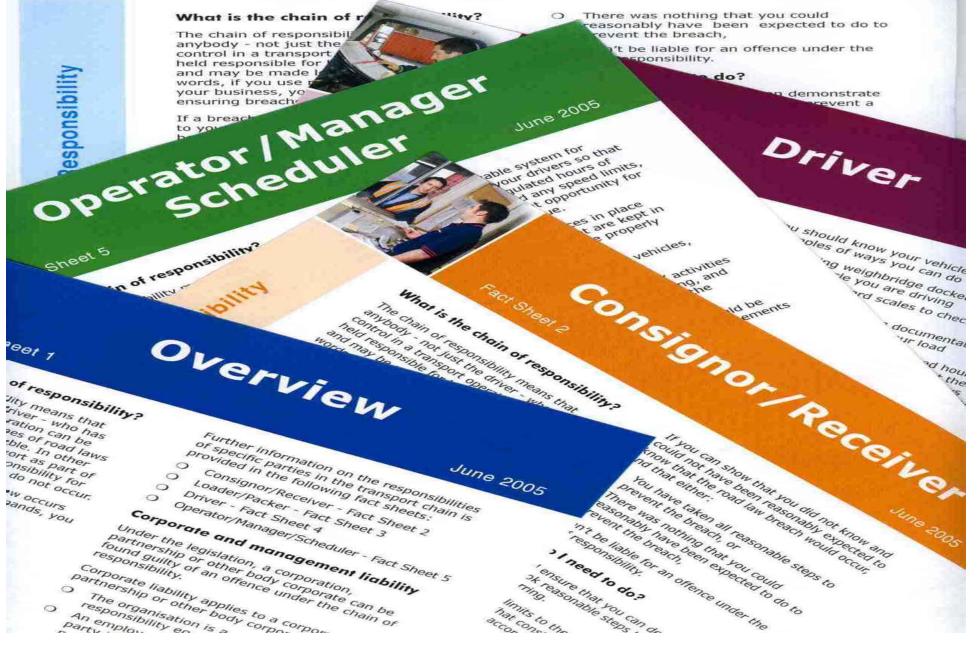




#### Loader/Packer

Fact Sheet 3

#### June 2005





<u>A person</u> must not ask, direct or require, directly or indirectly, a driver to do something if the person knows, or reasonably ought to know, that by so complying the driver, or would be likely to, commit –

- a core driving hours offence;
- a driving record offence; or
- a speeding offence.





<u>A consignor must not engage someone to transport</u> goods by road if the consignor knows, or reasonably ought to know, that by complying with an express of implied condition the driver of a heavy truck would or would likely to, commit –

• a core driving hours, a driving record or a speeding offence.





<u>An employer must not permit</u> an employed driver to drive a heavy truck if the employer knows, or reasonably ought to know, that by driving the vehicle the driver would, or would be likely to <u>commit a core driving hours offence.</u>

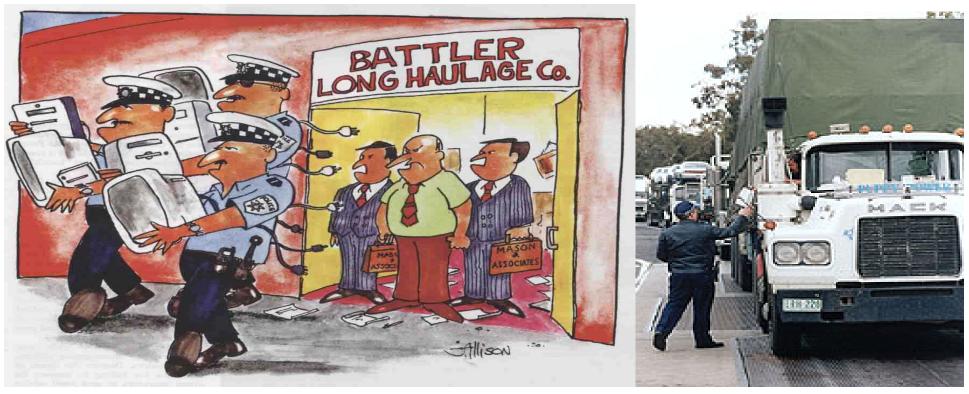


### Investigation powers



### • Vehicle:

- inspect, search & seize
- Premises:
  - Enter, inspect, search, copy, seize, give directions



#### Penalties



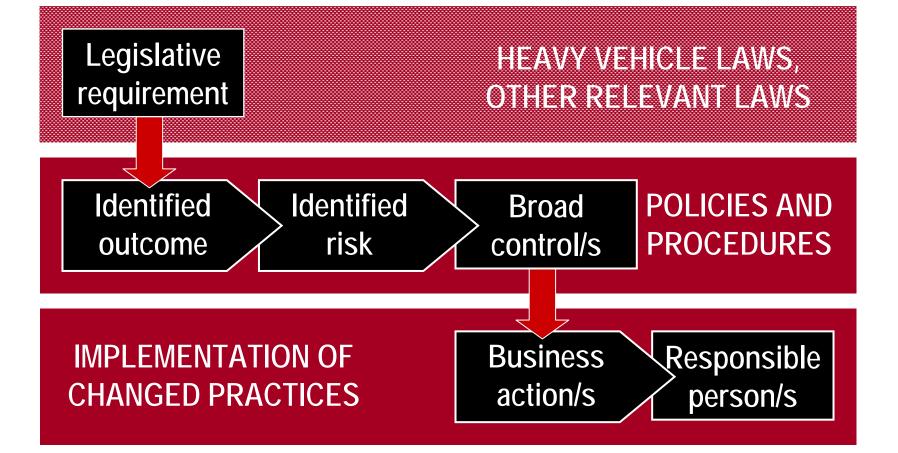
- Natural person 15 penalty units
- Body corporate 75 penalty units

Penalty unit = \$104.81



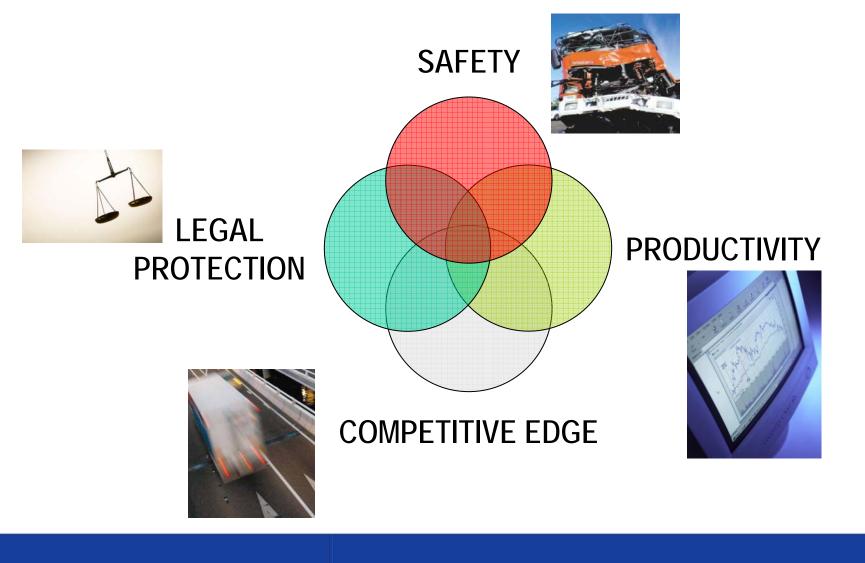
## What can industry do?





# Changing industry culture











# Enforcement Liaison Committee





### THE FUTURE

- continue investigations & prosecutions
- work closer with other agencies
- use of technology to examine evidence
- use of technology to remotely identify breaches
- further promote self policing amongst industry and others in the chain
- change the culture
- examine ways of police issued penalties – quicker outcome & avoid court

